

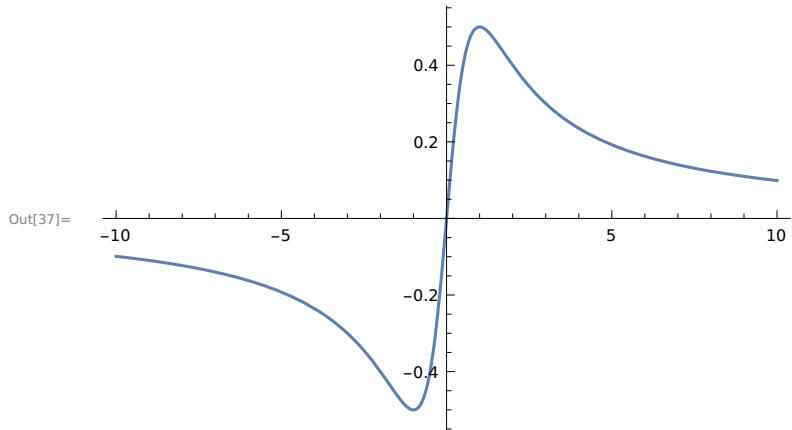
# Chapter: 12

Ques 1. Graph each of the functions:

a.  $f(x) = x/(1+x^2)$

```
In[36]:= f[x_] := x / (1 + (x ^ 2))
```

```
In[37]:= Plot[f[x], {x, -10, 10}]
```

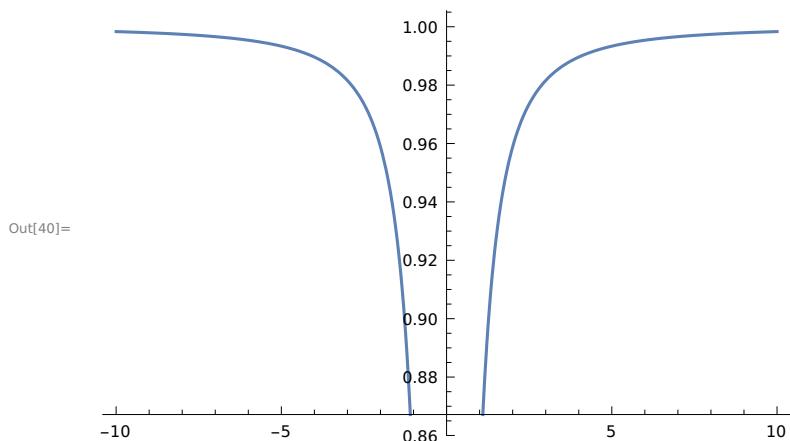


```
In[38]:= ClearAll[f]
```

b.  $y = x \sin(1/x)$

```
In[39]:= y = x * Sin[1 / x];
```

```
In[40]:= Plot[y, {x, -10, 10}]
```

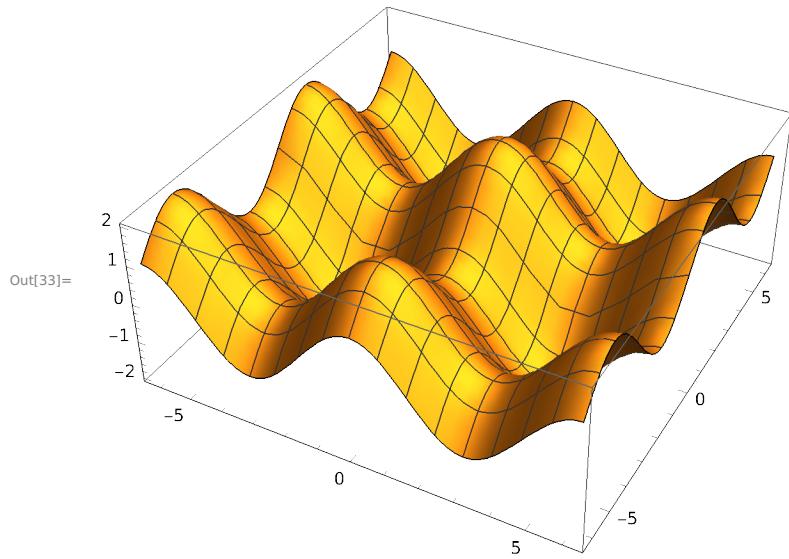


```
In[41]:= ClearAll[y]
```

c.  $g(x,y) = \cos(x) + \sin(y)$

```
In[31]:= g[x_, y_] := Cos[x] + Sin[y]
```

In[33]:= Plot3D[g[x, y], {x, -2 Pi, 2 Pi}, {y, -2 Pi, 2 Pi}]

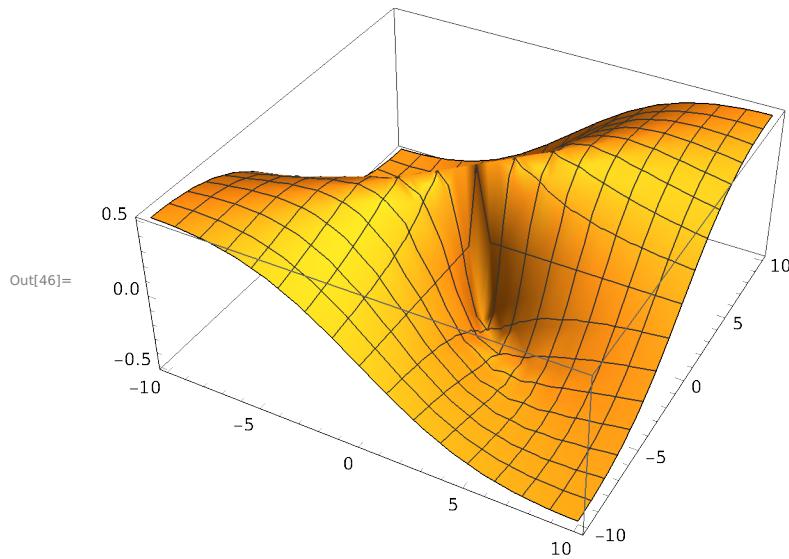


In[44]:= ClearAll[g]

d.  $z = (xy)/(x^2+y^2)$

In[45]:= z := (x \* y) / (x ^ 2 + y ^ 2)

In[46]:= Plot3D[z, {x, -10, 10}, {y, -10, 10}]



In[47]:= ClearAll[z]

Ques 2. Let  $f[x] = x/(1+x^2)$

a. Find  $f'(x)$  and  $f''(x)$

In[48]:= f[x\_] := x / (1 + x ^ 2)

In[49]:= **D[f[x], x]**  
Out[49]= 
$$-\frac{2x^2}{(1+x^2)^2} + \frac{1}{1+x^2}$$

In[50]:= **D[f'[x], x]**  
Out[50]= 
$$\frac{8x^3}{(1+x^2)^3} - \frac{6x}{(1+x^2)^2}$$

b. Find  $f'(-1)$  and  $f'(0)$

In[51]:= **f'[-1]**  
Out[51]= 0

In[52]:= **f'[0]**  
Out[52]= 1

c. Find  $f''(0)$  and  $f''(1)$

In[53]:= **f''[0]**  
Out[53]= 0

In[54]:= **f''[1]**  
Out[54]= 
$$-\frac{1}{2}$$

Ques 3. Find the prime factorization of each integer

a. 3,527,218,133,309,949,276,293

In[55]:= **FactorInteger [3 527 218 133 309 949 276 293 ]**  
Out[55]= {{15 013 , 2}, {25 013 , 3}}

b. 471,945,325,930,166,269

In[56]:= **FactorInteger [471 945 325 930 166 269 ]**  
Out[56]= {{4211 , 1}, {34 589 , 1}, {46 747 , 1}, {69 313 , 1}}  
c. 471,945,325,930,166,281

In[57]:= **FactorInteger [471 945 325 930 166 281 ]**  
Out[57]= {{471 945 325 930 166 281 , 1}}

Ques 4. Compute each expression.

a.  $3^6 \bmod 7$

In[58]:= **Mod[3 ^ 6, 7]**  
Out[58]= 1

b.  $6^{10} \bmod 11$

```
In[59]:= Mod[6^10, 11]
```

```
Out[59]= 1
```

c.  $7^{20} \bmod 21$

```
In[60]:= Mod[7^20, 21]
```

```
Out[60]= 7
```

d.  $7^{22} \bmod 23$

```
In[61]:= Mod[7^22, 23]
```

```
Out[61]= 1
```

Ques 8. Let  $M = \{\{1, 1\}, \{1, 0\}\}$

a. Find  $M^2, M^3, \dots, M^{10}$ .

```
In[62]:= M = {{1, 1}, {1, 0}}
```

```
Out[62]= {{1, 1}, {1, 0}}
```

```
In[63]:= MatrixPower[M, 2]
```

```
Out[63]= {{2, 1}, {1, 1}}
```

```
In[64]:= MatrixPower[M, 3]
```

```
Out[64]= {{3, 2}, {2, 1}}
```

```
In[65]:= MatrixPower[M, 4]
```

```
Out[65]= {{5, 3}, {3, 2}}
```

```
In[66]:= MatrixPower[M, 5]
```

```
Out[66]= {{8, 5}, {5, 3}}
```

```
In[67]:= MatrixPower[M, 6]
```

```
Out[67]= {{13, 8}, {8, 5}}
```

```
In[68]:= MatrixPower[M, 7]
```

```
Out[68]= {{21, 13}, {13, 8}}
```

```
In[69]:= MatrixPower[M, 8]
```

```
Out[69]= {{34, 21}, {21, 13}}
```

```
In[70]:= MatrixPower[M, 9]
```

```
Out[70]= {{55, 34}, {34, 21}}
```

```
In[71]:= MatrixPower[M, 10]
```

```
Out[71]= {{89, 55}, {55, 34}}
```

b. Find the 100th Fibonacci number.

```
In[72]:= f[0] = 1;
In[73]:= f[1] = 1;
In[74]:= f[n_] := f[n] = f[n - 2] + f[n - 1]
In[75]:= f[100]
Out[75]= 573 147 844 013 817 084 101
```

Ques 9. Find Solutions to the following system of equations:

a. Find x, if  $x^2+x=1$

```
In[76]:= Solve[x^2 + x == 1, x]
Out[76]= \{x \rightarrow \frac{1}{2}(-1 - \sqrt{5}), x \rightarrow \frac{1}{2}(-1 + \sqrt{5})\}
```

b. Find x, if  $x^2+x=-1$

```
In[77]:= Solve[x^2 + x == -1, x]
Out[77]= \{x \rightarrow -(-1)^{1/3}, x \rightarrow (-1)^{2/3}\}
```

c. Find x and y:  $4x-3y=5$ ,  $6x+2y=14$

```
In[78]:= Solve[{4 x - 3 y == 5, 6 x + 2 y == 14}, {x, y}]
Out[78]= \{x \rightarrow 2, y \rightarrow 1\}
```

d. Find x,y,z and t

```
In[79]:= Solve[{-2 x - 2 y + 3 z + t == 8, -3 x + 0 y - 6 z + t == -19,
6 x - 8 y + 6 z + 5 t == 47, x + 3 y - 3 z - t == -9}, {x, y, z, t}]
Out[79]= \{x \rightarrow 2, y \rightarrow 1, z \rightarrow 3, t \rightarrow 5\}
```

Ques 10. To find countinuos rate of return, solve the equation for r:  $250\text{Exp}[1.0r]+300\text{Exp}[0.75r]+350\text{Exp}[0.5r]+400\text{Exp}[0.25r]=1365$ .

```
In[80]:= Solve[250 Exp[1.0 * r] + 300 Exp[0.75 * r] + 350 Exp[0.5 * r] + 400 Exp[0.25 * r] == 1365, r]
Out[80]= \{r \rightarrow 4. ((0.598729 + 3.14159 i) + (0. + 6.28319 i) c_1) if c_1 \in \mathbb{Z}\},
\{r \rightarrow 4. (0.021026 + (0. + 6.28319 i) c_1) if c_1 \in \mathbb{Z}\},
\{r \rightarrow 4. ((0.538847 - 1.68817 i) + (0. + 6.28319 i) c_1) if c_1 \in \mathbb{Z}\},
\{r \rightarrow 4. ((0.538847 + 1.68817 i) + (0. + 6.28319 i) c_1) if c_1 \in \mathbb{Z}\}\}
```

```
In[81]:= FindRoot[250 Exp[1.0 * r] + 300 Exp[0.75 * r] + 350 Exp[0.5 * r] + 400 Exp[0.25 * r] == 1365, {r, 0}]
Out[81]= {r \rightarrow 0.084104}
```

Ques 11. If  $n$  is a positive number, and  $g > 0$  is any “guess” for the square root of  $n$ , then a better estimate of  $\sqrt{n}$  is the average of  $g$  and  $n/g$ , i.e.,  $(g + n/g)/2$ . Write a function called mysqrt that accepts one argument, begins with an initial guess of 1.0, finds 20 new guesses, and returns the answer.

```
In[8]:= mysqrt[n_] := Module[{i = 1, g = 1}, While[i <= 20, g = (g + (n/g))/2; i = i + 1]; g]
In[9]:= N[mysqrt[2], 6]
Out[9]= 1.41421
In[10]:= N[Sqrt[2], 6]
Out[10]= 1.41421
In[11]:= N[mysqrt[3]]
Out[11]= 1.73205
In[12]:= N[mysqrt[5], 5]
Out[12]= 2.2361
In[11]:= N[mysqrt[8], 4]
Out[11]= 2.828
```

Ques 12. a. Write a (recursive) function called collatz that accepts a single argument,  $n$ .

```
In[12]:= Clear[collatz];
In[1]:= collatz[n_] := Which[n == 1, collatz[n] = 0, EvenQ[n],
                           collatz[n] = 1 + collatz[n/2], OddQ[n], collatz[n] = 1 + collatz[3*n + 1]];
```

b. Verify the values:

```
In[3]:= collatz[1]
Out[3]= 0
In[4]:= collatz[2]
Out[4]= 1
In[5]:= collatz[6]
Out[5]= 8
In[2]:= collatz[27]
Out[2]= 111
```